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Middle School Predictors of High School Dating Violence **Among At-Risk Early Adolescents**

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OBJECTIVE

- suggest that DV behaviors are prevalent in middle school relationships The few studies on dating violence (DV) among young adolescents and continue into high school (Orpinas et al., 2013a; 2013b).
- al., 1998), but we know little about dating violence (DV) among young Youth with mental health symptoms are at greater risk of DV (Wolfe et adolescents with mental health problems.
 - like emotion regulation (ER; Shorey et al., 2011), are associated with communication (Wilson & Donenberg, 2004), and individual factors, Previous studies suggest that family factors, like parental DV among youth.
- Early adolescent ER deficits are associated with risky behavior in later dating relationships (Hessler & Katz, 2010).

HYPOTHESIS

ER skills (higher ER, lower emotional lability/negativity) and greater frequent DV involvement in 9th grade for at-risk early adolescents. parental communication in 8th grade will be associated with less •

METHOD

- Data are from two waves of Project TRAC, a randomized controlled trial of an affect management skills prevention intervention for highrisk early adolescents at urban junior high schools in Providence County, Rhode Island.
- Participants were 420 students with mental health symptoms recruited for the study in 7th grade.
- Data are from the one- and two-year follow up assessments, in 8th and 9th grade.
 - The final sample for this study comprised 220 students who were dating in 9th grade (*M* age=15.08, 53% male, 38% Caucasian).

MEASURES

- Emotion Regulation Checklist (ERC): 8th Grade • (Shields & Cicchetti, 1997; 1998)
- Parent ratings of emotion self-regulation skills: 2 subscales
 - Lability/Negativity
- Miller Sexual Communication Scale (MSCS): 8th Grade Emotion Regulation
- (Dutra, Miller, & Forehand, 1999)

Communication with parents about dating and risk behavior

Conflict in Adolescent Dating Relationships Inventory MEASURES (Continued)

- (Wolfe et al., 2001) (CADRI): 9th Grade
- Threatening behaviors and physical DV
 - Perpetration and victimization

Generalized Estimating Equations Predicting 9th Grade DV

I hreatening Behavior: Perpetration	havior: Perpe	tration
Variable	Estimate (SE)	Wald χ^2
MSCS Communication with Parents	02 (.05)	.10
ERC Emotional Lability/ Negativity	19 (.32)	.34
ERC Emotion Regulation	.26 (.22)	1.41

	Wald χ^2	.43	1.03	14.57***
Physical DV: Perpetration	Estimate (SE)	06 (.09)	32 (.32)	40 (.10)
Physical D	Variable	MSCS Communication with Parents	ERC Emotional Lability/ Negativity	ERC Emotion Regulation

Threatening Behavior: Victimization

Variable	Estimate (SE)	Wald χ^2
MSCS Communication with Parents	08 (.04)	5.05*
ERC Emotional Lability/ Negativity	-37 (.18)	4.14*
ERC Emotion Regulation	.18 (.10)	3.50°

Physical DV: Victimization

Variable	Estimate (SE)	Wald χ^2
MSCS Communication with Parents	-08 (.07)	1.05
ERC Emotional Lability/ Negativity	39 (.24)	2.81°
ERC Emotion Regulation	14 (.11)	1.47

Note. Covariates (gender, condition) omitted for brevity. Degrees of freedom = 1 for all variables. $^{\circ}p < 10, ^{*}p < .001$. "** p < .001

ANALYSES

- equations (GEE) controlling for intervention condition and gender. Primary analyses were conducted using generalized estimating GEE models included an independent correlation structure and
- random effect of school, with normal distribution and identity link.

RESULTS

- 28% threatening behavior perpetration Frequency of DV reported in 9th grade:
 - 20% physical DV perpetration
- 25% threatening behavior victimization
 - 17% physical DV victimization.
- between higher 8th grade ER and more frequent threatening behavior perpetration in 9th grade. There was a trend-level association 8th grade ER was associated with less frequent physical DV victimization.
 - frequent victimization from threatening behaviors in 9th grade, and More emotional lability/negativity in 8th grade was related to less at the trend level, less frequent physical DV victimization.
 - More communication with parents in 8th grade was related to less frequent 9th grade threatening behavior victimization. •

CONCLUSIONS

- Early adolescents with mental health symptoms reported significant involvement in DV at age 15 as both perpetrators and victims.
- perpetration and victimization in 9th grade, but only for certain types Both ER skills and parental in 8th grade were related to DV of behavior.
- given the surprising associations between ER and DV victimization. between ER and DV in early and mid-adolescence, particularly Our results support the need for further research on the links

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